

office of the governor of the commonwealth of virginia

## GOVERNOR'S COVID-19 LONG-TERM CARE TASK FORCE

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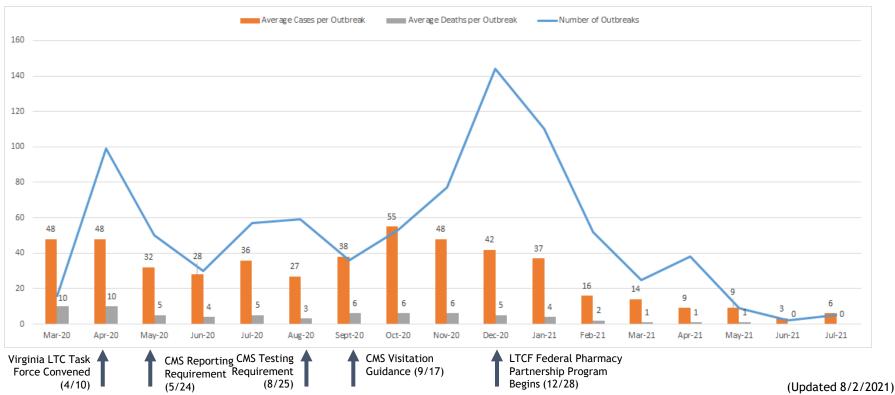
# Welcome and Housekeeping Items

- Please mute your phone (do NOT put us on hold) if you are not speaking
- We prefer to take questions/comments at the end of each agenda item
  - Feel free to utilize the chat box

# Overview of Agenda

- Situational Update
- Infection Control Reminders
- Testing Check-In
- Vaccination Requirements & Check-In
- Monoclonal Antibody Update
- DMAS Update
- Creating Interprofessional Readiness for Complex & Aging Adults
- Tentative: DBHDS Update
- Next Steps
- Discussion

## COVID-19 Outbreaks in Long-Term Care Facilities\*^†

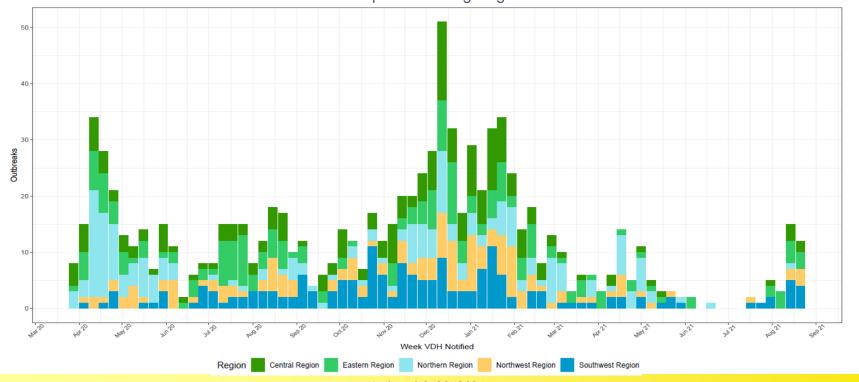


<sup>\*</sup>Long-term care facility includes assisted living facilities, multicare facilities, and nursing homes
^Data from VOSS and VEDSS are subject to change

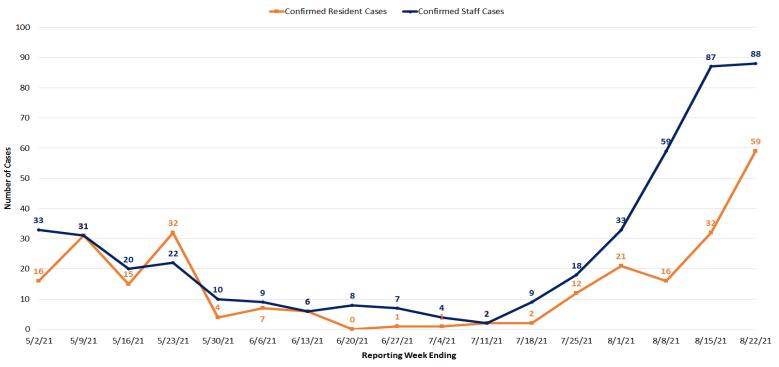
**Rural Caucus** 

## Trend: Number and Region of LTCF COVID-19 Outbreaks

by date VDH notified; includes outbreaks reported from assisted living facilities, nursing homes, and multicare facilities to VDH with a confirmed or suspected etiologic agent of SARS-CoV-2

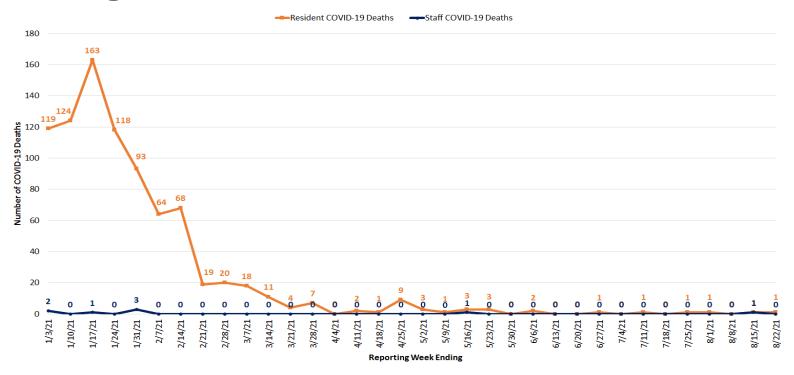


## **Nursing Home Resident and Staff COVID-19 Cases**



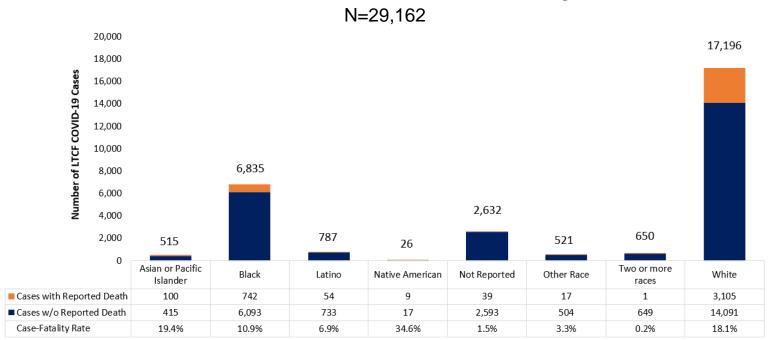
Data are from NHSN as of 8/23/21. Data include PCR and antigen test results. Data are subject to change.

### **Nursing Home Resident and Staff COVID-19 Deaths**



Data are from NHSN as of 8/23/21. Data include PCR and antigen test results. Data are subject to change.

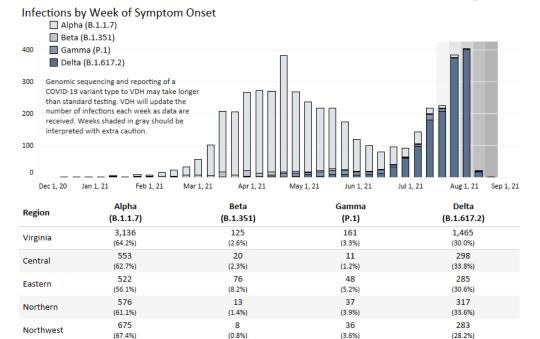
## COVID-19 Cases and Deaths in LTCFs\* by Race/Ethnicity^



\*Long-term care facility includes nursing homes, assisted living facilities, multicare facilities, group homes, and behavioral health residential facilities. Includes residents and staff.

^Data from VOSS and VEDSS are subject to change

#### **COVID-19 Variants of Concern in Virginia**



https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/coronavirus/covid-19-data-insights/variants-of-concern/

8

(0.7%)

810

(71.7%)

Southwest

29

(2.6%)

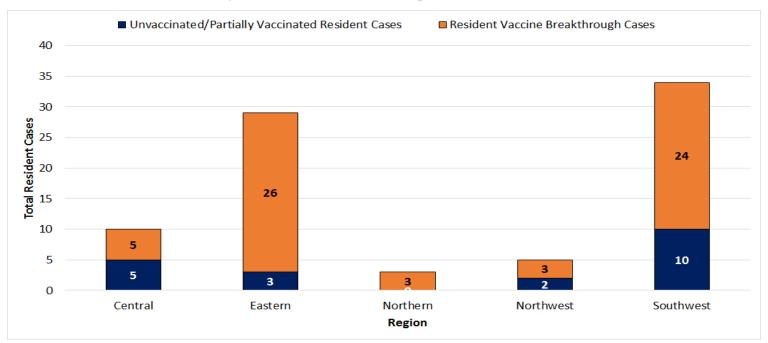
282

(25.0%)

#### Vaccine Breakthrough Cases in Virginia Nursing Homes, July 19, 2021 - August 15, 2021

- From July 19, 2021 August 15, 2021, 30 Virginia nursing homes (10% of all nursing homes in Virginia) reported at least 1 confirmed resident case of COVID-19
  - Among these outbreaks, there were an average of three cases and a maximum of thirteen cases
  - There were a total of 81 cases across all 30 nursing homes during this time period
- Among all cases reported during this time period, <u>75% of resident cases had been fully</u> <u>vaccinated</u> (n=61 vaccine breakthrough cases)
  - 25% of cases were unvaccinated, partially vaccinated, or unspecified (n=17 unvaccinated cases, n=1 partially vaccinated, n=2 unspecified)
  - Six facilities (20%) reported no vaccine breakthrough cases and 24 (80%) reported at least one vaccine breakthrough case
  - Average current census was higher for facilities with at least one vaccine breakthrough case (avg = 91 beds filled) than it was for facilities with no vaccine breakthrough cases (avg = 77 beds filled)
- Vaccine breakthrough cases occurred among residents who had been fully vaccinated with the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine (82%), the Moderna vaccine (16%), or the Janssen vaccine (1%)
  - Most nursing home residents were offered Pfizer vaccine as part of the Federal LTC Pharmacy Partnership
- The HAI/AR team is working with local health departments to gather additional data for all LTCF outbreaks (including ALFs and multicare facilities)

# Vaccine Breakthrough Cases in Virginia Nursing Homes, July 19, 2021 - August 15, 2021



Data are from NHSN as of 8/23/2021. Resident vaccine breakthrough cases are reported when a resident had completed an FDA-authorized COVID-19 vaccine series at least two weeks prior to testing positive for COVID-19.

# Planning for Fall 2021

#### Current situation

- Delta variant
- Increases in community transmission and positivity rate
- Other viruses circulating

#### Unknowns

- Influenza season
  - Nursing homes report flu and other respiratory illnesses weekly to NHSN
- Possible changes to federal guidance

#### Need to re-focus on

- Infection control measures
- Testing
- Vaccination
- Outbreak management

# Fall 2021 Planning Checklist

What every LTCF needs to have on hand to prepare for Fall 2021

- Infection prevention policies
- PPE supply
- Fit-testing plan
- Testing resources
- Vaccination
- Therapeutics
- Communication plan

## VDH COVID-19 Outbreak Dashboard

#### Outbreaks by Setting by Facility Name

- Dashboard live Wednesday, August 25, 2021
- Includes all outbreaks reported to VDH since August 1, 2021
  - Confirmed and suspected
- Will be updated weekly on Fridays

# **Outbreak Testing**

Respiratory outbreak testing at DCLS, state public health lab:

- For each suspect outbreak, collect 3-5 specimens on any new onset cases
  - Coordinate specimen collection with your <u>local health department</u>
    - LHDs have collection kits
  - Specimens will be sent to DCLS (<u>testing instructions</u>)
  - Specimens will be tested using CDC flu/SARS-CoV-2 multiplex test
    - If negative for both flu and COVID, will reflex to RVP (respiratory viral panel)
- Whole genome sequencing can be requested for outbreaks with rapid or unusual spread or increased morbidity/mortality

# VDH Updates

- Infrastructure
  - Regional IP Coordinators
    - Part of HAI/AR Program
  - Regional IPs
    - In 4 of 5 public health regions
  - Local Health District positions
    - HAI, congregate settings
- Regular communication with LHDs
  - HAI/AR Program lunch and learns
  - Weekly and biweekly response calls with LHDs
  - Weekly situational reports

## Check-In: Emergency Preparedness & PPE

### Infection Control Guidance Check-In

#### CDC recommends urgent actions:

- 1. Get vaccinated as soon as possible: Residents, staff, and visitors should be fully vaccinated to prevent the spread of COVID-19.
- 2. Wear a mask regardless of vaccination status:
  - Nursing home staff should continue to use source control when around residents.
  - ➤ Visitors should use a mask (source control) when in the public areas of the facility (such as hallways and common areas).
  - > It is also safest to use a mask when visiting privately with residents.
  - Residents should be encouraged to wear a mask when outside of their room, especially when unvaccinated or when in counties with high rates of COVID-19.
- 1. Stay home if you feel ill: Do not go to work or visit a nursing home if you have symptoms of COVID-19 or feel ill.
- **2. Get tested**: Anyone with symptoms of COVID-19 or known exposure, regardless of vaccination status, should receive a viral test immediately

## **COVID-19 Testing Update**

- ELC Grant continues:
  - Community and Outbreak Testing (PCR, Vendor contracts)
  - At-Home Test kits for Vulnerable Populations (POC CLIA waived; Lucira molecular on hold)
  - K12 Screening Testing Program
- New grant-NOA pending: Confinement jails, homeless shelters
- ICATT: Repatriation logistics support BinaxNow tests
- ED#18: Guidance for Workforce Screening Testing
- MRC Workforce Training: Saturday Aug 21st, approx 450 attendees

# Testing poll questions

- The Testing Team would appreciate some feedback on current testing practices and resources
- This is for planning purposes as we move into Fall 2021

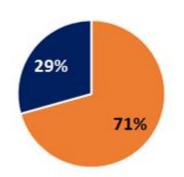
#### Instructions

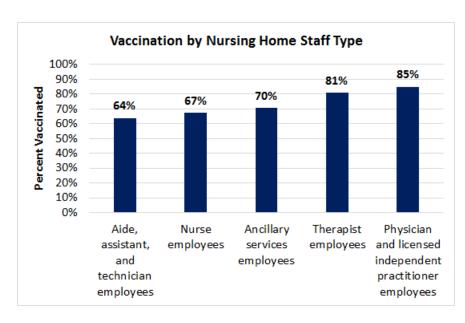
- Go to menti.com on your device
- Use the code 1318 8142

### **COVID-19 Vaccination in Nursing Homes**

#### **Nursing Home Staff**

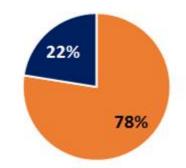
- Eligible HCP who are fully vaccinated
- Eligible HCP who are not fully vaccinated





#### **Nursing Home Residents**

- Residents who are fully vaccinated
- Residents who are not fully vaccinated



Data are from NHSN as of 8/23/2021.

In Virginia, 281 nursing homes reported resident vaccination data for the reporting week ending 8/15/2021; 281 nursing homes reported staff vaccination data for the reporting week ending 8/15/2021.

For staff type definitions, please refer to the NHSN Table of Instructions.

#### Additional Dose Recommendations for mRNA vaccines

- Thursday, Aug. 12 EUA update to allow an additional 3rd dose to moderate or severely immunocompromised following the
  completion of a primary mRNA vaccine series. The third dose can be administered at least 28 days after a person's second
  dose. (Those who received J&J are no recommended to get additional doses; CDC is actively reviewing data.)
  - o Moderately or severely immunocompromised do not require proof of medical condition. CDC has said this includes people who have:
    - Been receiving active cancer treatment for tumors or cancers of the blood
    - Received an organ transplant and are taking medicine to suppress the immune system
    - Received a stem cell transplant within the last 2 years or are taking medicine to suppress the immune system
    - Moderate or severe primary immunodeficiency (such as DiGeorge syndrome, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome)
    - Advanced or untreated HIV infection.
    - Active treatment with high-dose corticosteroids or other drugs that may suppress your immune response
- Monday, Aug. 23 FDA approved full licensure of Pfizer COVID-19 Vaccine (Brand name: Comirnaty)
- Anticipated in late September Booster Doses for those 18 years and older offered for free and not earlier than 8 months after initial series pending FDA/CDC/ACIP independent evaluations and awaiting the final recommendation.
  - Note that there is a difference between Third Doses (as an additional dose for immunocompromised persons)
     vs. Booster Doses for all adults

# Important Considerations around Additional Dose Recommendations

- CDC published <u>MMWR Article</u>, Wednesday, Aug. 18:
  - Vaccine efficacy in SNF residents was 74.7% after 2 doses of mRNA vaccine before the Delta variant spread
  - Effectiveness declined to 53.1% after the widespread of the Delta variant
  - This study could not differentiate the independent impact of the Delta variant from other factors, such as potential waning of vaccine-induced immunity
- Interchanging mRNA vaccines: "If the mRNA COVID-19 vaccine product given for the first two doses is not available, the other mRNA COVID-19 vaccine product may be administered."
- Coadministration of vaccines: "COVID-19 vaccines and other vaccines may be administered without regard to timing. If multiple vaccines are administered at a single visit, administer each injection in a different injection site."

### **Need For Data**

As per CDC, 95% of LTCF are contracted with a pharmacy that can fulfill their vaccine needs

VDH vaccine unit will follow up with CDC

#### To plan for LTCF vaccine support

- VDH attempted to gather data of facilities and contracted pharmacies
  - Data not complete nor accurate
  - Crucial for planning purposes

As a result, VDH plans to survey the LTCFs as the best and quickest way to gather this data

### **Vaccine Access**

- 1. Utilize existing contract with pharmacy and consider co-vaccination clinics (i.e Flu & COVID vaccines)
- 2. Consider identifying another local pharmacy to contract with if current is not able to meet your needs
  - a. LTCFs which have a contract with pharmacies for flu vaccination may be willing to assist with COVID as the same time or as a separate clinic
- 3. Enroll as providers if:
  - a. Have medical staff on site
  - b. Capability to enter data into VIIS
- 4. Transport residents to local pharmacy or healthcare providers as resources permit
- Walgreens is in the process of contacting LTCFs previously vaccinated. Other pharmacies have stated interest To
  assess the need more broadly, Walgreens developed a booster interest survey for all LTCFs to request booster
  clinics at facilities.
  - a. Submit interest survey using (<a href="https://wagsoutreach.com/LTCF-Contact-Us">https://wagsoutreach.com/LTCF-Contact-Us</a>)
  - b. This does not guarantee Walgreens is able to support
  - c. Dependent on Walgreens capacity, level of demand, and available resources
- 6. Contact your the health department if you need additional support more guidance to come

#### **VDH LTCF Vaccine Communication Initiatives**

#### LTCF staff vaccine confidence toolkit

- Conversation guide and presentation slides to assist facilities
- Testimonials from LTCF staff.
- Educational material in the form of posters & fact sheets in multiple languages
- Distribution in the upcoming week
- REDCap form to order posters (insert link)

#### Digital Ads – Live as of August 10

- Google, Facebook & Instagram
- Targets individuals within close proximity of LTCFs
- Directs to (<a href="https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/covid-19-vaccine/patient-education/">https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/covid-19-vaccine/patient-education/</a>)

LTC workers. This is how you protect your family.



# Monoclonal Antibody Update Long-Term Care Facility Task Force August 26, 2021

# Monoclonal Antibodies (mAbs) with FDA Emergency Use Authorizations (EUAs) for **outpatient** Covid-19 Use

- Casirivimab (REGN10933) and Imdevimab (REGN10987) = REGEN-COV (Regeneron)
  - Combination of two monoclonal antibodies in one product
  - \*Has indication for IV infusion (preferred) OR 4 subcutaneous injections\*
- Sotrovimab (VIR-7831; GlaxoSmithKline/Vir Biotechnology)
  - Received FDA EUA on May 26, 2021
  - Only indicated for IV infusion
- "Bam/Ete" = Bamlanivimab (also known as LY-CoV555 or LY3819253) in combination with Etesevimab (also known as LY-CoV016 or JS016 or LY3832479) both Eli Lilly drugs
  - Only indicated for IV infusion
  - On June 25, 2021, "Bam/Ete" distribution put on hold by HHS. Also, FDA recommended that alternate mAbs be used for outpatient Covid-19 treatment
  - Reason = "Bam/Ete" not felt to be effective against the Beta (B.1.351) and Gamma (P.1) SARS-CoV-2 variants. Combined frequency
    of variants was > 11% at that time
  - As of 8/25/2021, Bam/Ete continues to be on hold, and NOT recommended for use by FDA

## FDA EUA Indications for outpatient mAb therapy – 1

- 1. Treatment of mild to moderate Covid-19:
  - REGEN-COV, or
  - Sotrovimab (GSK)
- Very informative FDA website = COVID-19 Drug and Biological Therapeutic Products (see <u>https://www.fda.gov/emergency-preparedness-and-response/mcm-legal-regulatory-and-policy-framework/emergency-use-authorization#coviddrugs</u>)

# Eligibility for Treatment of Mild-Moderate Covid-19 Infection in High Risk Individuals

Products granted EUA for mild to moderate COVID-19 cases early in infection, who are at high risk for progressing to severe COVID-19 and/or hospitalization; with following criteria:

- Adult or pediatric (>12 years of age and weighing at least 40kg) patient
- Confirmation via positive PCR or antigen test
- Treatment as soon as possible following positive viral test and within 10 days of symptom onset
- Patient symptomatic but not yet progressed to require hospitalization or oxygen therapy (or increase from baseline chronic oxygen therapy)

## FDA EUA Indications for outpatient mAb therapy – 2

#### 2. Postexposure Prophylaxis against COVID-19:

REGEN-COV only

#### **Eligibility**

- Patients 12 years of age and older who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:
- Not fully vaccinated or who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications) and
- Have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per CDC or
- Who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of COVID-19 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes or prisons)

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#### **Monoclonal Antibody Therapy "Nuts & Bolts"**

#### VDH COVID-19 Monoclonal Antibody Therapy Resource Center (www.vdh.virginia.gov/mabs)

- Bamlanivimab/Etesevimab (Lilly) Fact Sheets: <u>Physician</u> <u>Patient</u>
- Casirivimab/Imdevimab (REGEN-COV) Fact Sheets: Physician Patient
- Sotrovimab (GSK/Vir Biotechnology) Fact Sheets: Physician Patient
- mAb Infusion Sites in Virginia (opens an Excel spreadsheet)
- Reimbursement & Coding
- Therapeutics Program & Direct Ordering (of REGEN-COV and Bam/Ete)
- Sotrovimab ordering
- Training & Education
- Infusion Toolkit
- Additional Resources

### Cost and availability of monoclonal antibody products

- Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) has purchased a large supply of bam/ete (Lilly) and REGEN-COV – these drugs are available at no cost
- Patients are not charged for the drug, but they may be charged for their clinic visit/infusion services
- Federal govt has not purchased sotrovimab (GSK/Vir Biotechnology) it's available on the open market



### Ongoing outreach / efforts about monoclonal antibodies

Goal is to promote, and increase awareness and use of monoclonal antibodies for FDA EUA indications

Webinars about monoclonal antibodies completed:

- Virginia Chapter of American College of Physicians
- Virginia Academy of Family Physicians

#### Upcoming webinars:

- Quality Insights dialysis centers in Virginia
- Virginia Council of Nurse Practitioners
- Virginia Hospital and Healthcare Association

Monoclonal Antibody Workgroup of LTCF Task Force = multiple LTCF medical directors and organizations

Upcoming meeting with Virginia Association of Home Care and Hospice and long-term care facilities to discuss possible administration of monoclonal antibodies in long-term care facilities - thank you for your participation in this important effort!

If your organization or facility would like an in-service or webinar about monoclonal antibodies, please contact me

# For questions or more information, please contact:

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VDH Covid-19 Health Information Team

brooke.rossheim@vdh.virginia.gov

## DMAS ARPA Funding Update

- DMAS is currently evaluating a process for payments of the \$5 Nursing Facility Per Diem.
- We are working closely with VHCA-VCAL to establish a plan, which will likely be finalized in the next couple weeks.
- We anticipate making quarterly payments throughout the year to meet the September, 2022 deadline in the Appropriations Act.

# **DBHDS** Update

# Creating Interprofessional Readiness for Complex & Aging Adults (CIRCAA)

- CIRCAA is a practical, case-based, interprofessional learning experience. The curriculum enhances the ability of clinicians and educators to help patients, learners, care providers, and interprofessional teams to care for people aging with complex medical conditions.
- This program includes hybrid three-hour monthly seminars (September June), one-hour monthly Capstone Chats, two in-person retreats, independent study, an interprofessional practicum, and a Capstone Project. Scholars must attend at least 70% of the meetings. Program cost is \$250.
- Additional information can be found here.

# Next Steps

- LTC Task Force <u>website</u>
- Scheduling meetings through the end of 2021
  - Monthly Task Force meetings
  - Monthly LTC provider discussions

## Discussion

#### Selected COVID-19 Dashboards

- COVID-19 in Virginia Summary
- COVID-19 Vaccine Summary
- COVID-19 Cases by Vaccination Status
- COVID-19 Level of Community Transmission
- COVID-19 Outbreaks in Virginia
- COVID-19 Outbreaks by Setting
- COVID-19 Variants of Concern
- VDH PCR Test Positivity Rates
- VHHA COVID-19 Hospitalizations
- Equity in Action
- Equity at a Glance